- I. Introduction
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The Reigns of Sin and Grace

Romans, Part XXX Romans 5:20-21 Stuart W. Bryan

I. Two Humanities

By His grace, God divided humanity into two immediately after the fall. God spoke to the serpent:

"And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your seed and her Seed; He shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise His heel" (Gen 3:15).

God established a division, an ______, between the *seed of the serpent* and *the seed of the woman*. This is a result of His grace. Jesus is the head of humanity at peace with God even as Adam is the head of humanity at enmity with God. So, now, what about the law?

²⁰Moreover the law entered that the offense might abound. But where sin abounded, grace abounded much more, ²¹so that as sin reigned in death, even so grace might reign through righteousness to eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.

II. The Reigns of Sin and Grace

A. The law highlights the severity of our fallenness

Paul writes that "the law entered that the offense might abound." "The offense" refers back to Adam's rebellion against God in the garden (v. 15). The law did not make us sinful, but the law does – apart from the grace of God at work in salvation – cause sin to abound. In Adam, therefore, we witness the reign of sin and death. The law simply accentuates that reign. "Think of sin as a small color transparency," one commentator writes, "the law puts a bright light behind it and a large screen in front of it" (Wright, 442). The law, in other words, cannot solve our sin problem. "Now we know that whatever the law says, it says to those who are in the law, that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world may become guilty before God. Therefore by the deeds of the law no flesh will be justified in [God's] sight, for by the law is the knowledge of sin" (Rom 3:19-20). The law highlights the severity of our fallenness, but it is powerless to save us from our fallenness.

B. The law prepares the way for the grace of God

But the law prepares the way for the grace of God. Paul writes, "but where sin abounded, grace abounded much more..." The law drives us to the forgiving and transforming grace of God in Christ (cf. Gal 3:24). What the law cannot accomplish weak as it is because of our fallen nature in Adam, God accomplishes through His Son and by His Spirit so that "grace might reign through righteousness to eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord" (cf. Rom 8:3-4). Christ accomplishes that which the law cannot. Hence, Paul contrasts sin and

_____ not sin and righteousness. Why? Because our righteousness comes as a

gift of ______ and not a result of our own effort. *Grace reigns through righteousness* – we are declared righteous through faith in Jesus and then Jesus begins to enable us to practice righteousness by His Spirit. Forgiving and transforming grace.

III. Grace Abounding

So here's the long and the short of what Paul wants us to understand: in ______, the law causes sin to abound; in ______, grace causes righteousness to abound all the more. As surely as Adam's sin has corrupted the old humanity, so Christ's righteousness will transform the new humanity (5:17). Christ's transformative work is even more powerful than Adam's corruptive work.

Old Humanity in Adam	The Functions of	New Humanity in Christ
Reign of Sin & Death	God's Law	Reign of Grace
Bad news! Increases our fear of God	Further reveals God's holy	Good news! Increases our love for
because His holiness assures that we	character.	God as we learn more of the
are guilty and that we cannot escape	(Rom 2:17-20)	greatness and grandeur of the God
His judgment for our sin and		who has created us and redeemed
corruption.		us.
Bad news! Exposes our failure to do	Further exposes human	Good news! Exposes our sin so that
that which we ought to do; increases	sinfulness.	we (1) openly confess our sin and
guilt; accentuates our sin. Law is a	(Rom 7:7-12)	receive Christ's forgiving grace and
weight, a burden. What to do? Hide		(2) depend increasingly upon the
from it. (Jn 3:20)		Spirit to transform our character by
		His grace and make us personally
		righteous. (Jn 3:21)
Bad news! Ritual performance that	Promised forgiveness in the	Good news! Sacrifices called us to
tries to buy God off and get him to	sacrificial system.	trust that God Himself would
weigh our sins less than our good	(Heb 9:15-22)	provide atonement for our sin. (Ps
deeds. (Ps 50:7-15)		51:14-17)
Bad news! The Gospel is the stench of	Fulfilled through Jesus and	Good news! The Gospel is the
death, convicting us of our sin and	in His people.	aroma of life for Jesus is the final
unbelief. (2 Cor 2:15-16)	(Rom 8:3-4)	sacrifice and by His Spirit
	(Heb 10:1-10)	empowers us to live in newness of
		life. (2 Cor 2:15-16)

If you are in ______, if you are part of the old humanity, subject to the reign of sin and death, then what does the law do? The law intensifies your rebellion, accentuates your sin, increases your guilt, multiplies your transgressions, and deepens your shame.

But if you are in ______, if you are part of the new humanity, subject to the reign of God's grace and of righteousness and life, then what does the law do? The law graciously reveals more of your God, more of your own sin, and more of Christ's remarkable work of redemption. The law, for those who know the forgiveness of God in Christ, is a ______.

The grace of God teaches us to sing with Moses, "Yahweh is the Rock, His work is perfect; for all His ways are justice, a God of truth and without injustice; righteous and upright is He" (Dt 32:4). The grace of God moves us to sing with David, "Oh how I love your law; it is my meditation day and night" (Ps 119:97). The grace of God enables us, like Ezekiel and the Apostle John, to eat the scroll of God's judgments and for even His judgments to taste like honey in our mouths (Ezek 3:3; Rev 10:10).

IV. Conclusion